









# 高等教育数字化转型内观与建议

Digital Transformations in Higher Education: Insights and Suggestions

### 稅智庭

华东师大终身教授,教育技术学博导 2023年2月28日于深圳 高等教育数字化转型国际研讨会

February 28, 2023









### UNESCO于2021年11月10日发布重磅文件 《共同重新构想我们的未来:一种新的**教育社会契约**》

UNESCO's Release in 2021

Reimagining our futures together: a new social contract for education



#### 独家观点:

- 显性的契约:教育体制、规制;
- 隐性的契约:教育文化创变
- 如何构建新时代教育社会契约乃是人类的新挑战。

#### **Opinions:**

- Overt contract: Educational system and regulations
- Covert contract: Innovation in educational culture
- How to construct a new social contract for education in the new era is a new challenge for the human beings

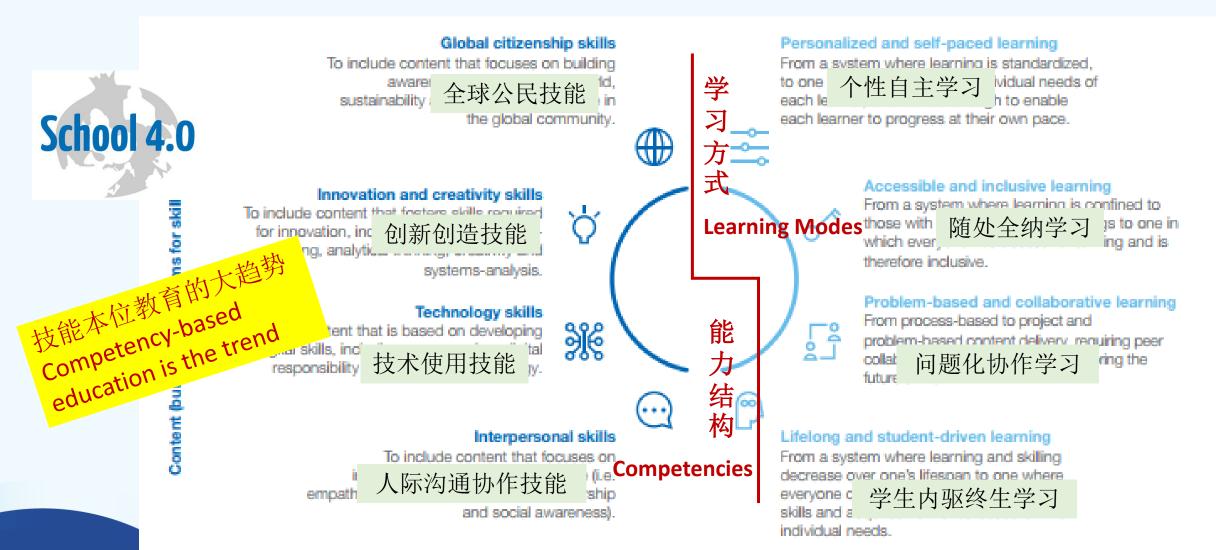








### The World Economic Forum Education 4.0 Framework















### 大学4.0: 将工业4.0范式转用于教育

University 4.0 as new paradigm of higher education in the age of industry 4.0

#### Industrial revolutions



#### **INDUSTRY 1.0**

Limited production characterized by the use of the steam engine and coal mining







Limited to a few privileged people.

Educational revolutions



#### 特权教育 Privileged

Education

大众教育



#### INDUSTRY 2.0

INDUSTRY 3.0

Mass production with oil and electricity as an energy source to power machines

Task automation with the

integration of electronic

components (transistor and

integrated circuit)



#### Massification

Innovation

Technologies

#### **UNIVERSITY 2.0** Massification of education

with the democratization of access to education



#### **UNIVERSITY 3.0**

Integration of digital technologies as teaching and learning tools.



Learners Generations

Mass Education 整合技术工具 Integration of technology





#### **INDUSTRY 4.0**

Digitalisation and automation of manufacturing processes with advanced technologies (IoTs, Robots, Artificial Intelligence, etc.).





数字沉浸式、开放性、融创性、 生态化、个性化学习

Education 4.0: Digitally immersed, open, innovative, ecological, personalized







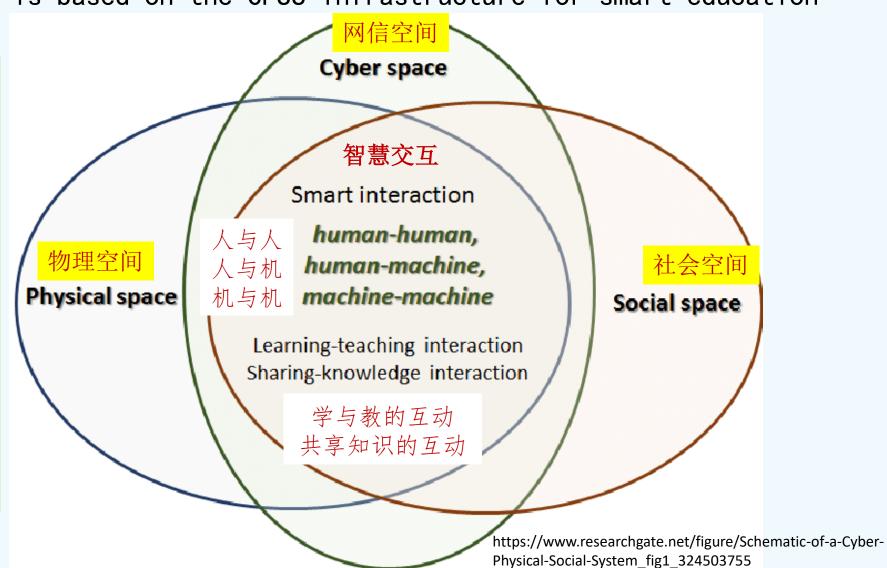




### 未来教育系统基于开放式智慧教育的CPSS基架

Future education is based on the CPSS infrastructure for smart education

网信-物理-社会空间(CPSS: Cyber-Physical-Social Space)将成新的教育融创基座,支持教育新生态的发展。





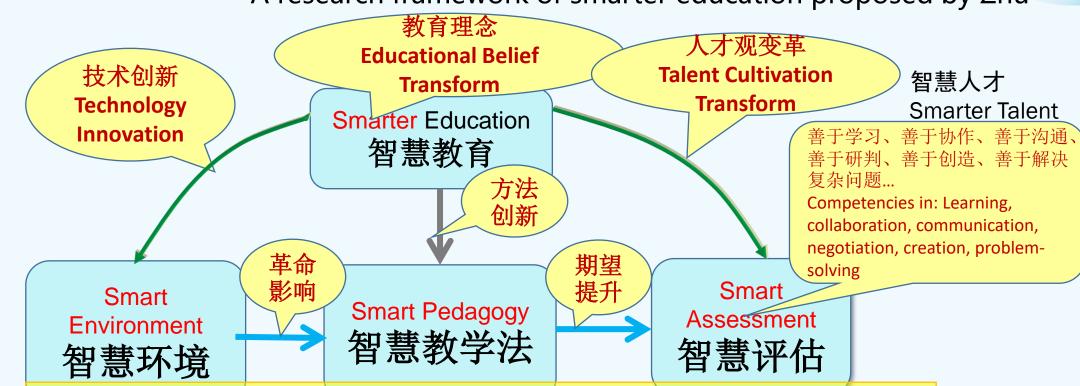






### 智慧教育研究框架 (祝智庭, 2012.10)

A research framework of smarter education proposed by Zhu



没有完成时 智慧教育永远只有进行时,

**Smarter education is an ongoing process** 

智慧终端、 智慧教室、智 慧校园、 智慧实验室、 智慧教育云 客空间、

差异化教学、个性学习、 协作学习、群智学习、入 境学习、泛在学习

基于数据,全程化,多元化, 多维度, 主体化, 可视化, 以评促学,以评促发展









# 智慧教育的"祝氏定义"

Zhu's definition of smarter education

智慧教育的真谛就是通过构建技术融合的生态化学习环境,通过培植人机协同的 数据智慧、教学智慧与文化智慧,本着"精准、个性、优化、协同、思维、创造" 的原则,让教师能够施展高成效的教学方法,让学习者能够获得适宜的个性化学习服 务和美好的发展体验,使其由不能变为可能,由小能变为大能,从<del>而培养具有良好的</del> 人格品性、较强的行动能力、较好的思维。 2012.12; 2016.6, 2017.7修订) 智慧教育是通过人机协同作用以创变教学过程与促进学习者美

好发展的未来教育范式。

Simply put,

Smarter Education is the future educational paradigm through Human-Machine interaction facilitated by innovative processes





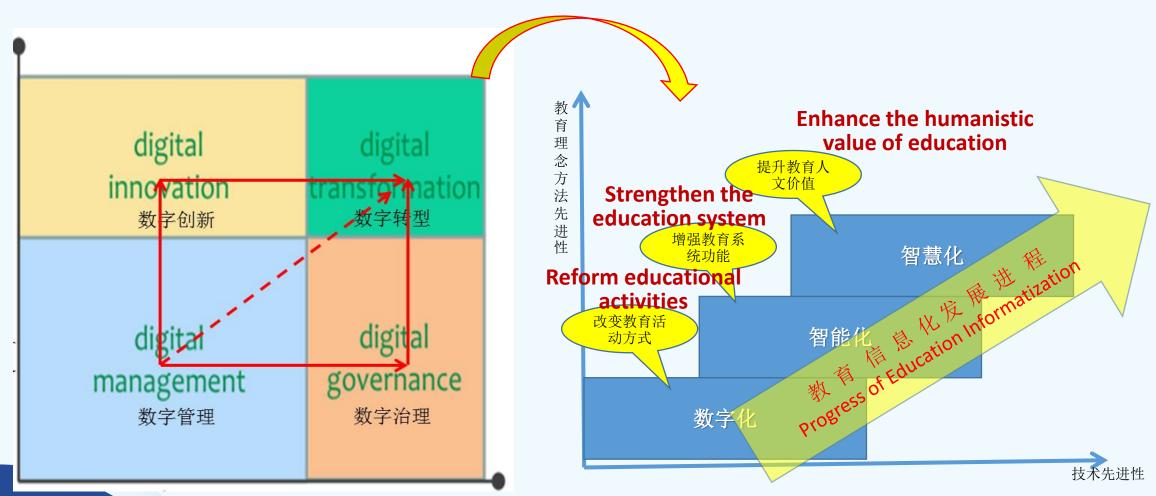






### 数字化转型交织于教育信息化进程

DxE is Interweaved with the Process of Educational Informatization







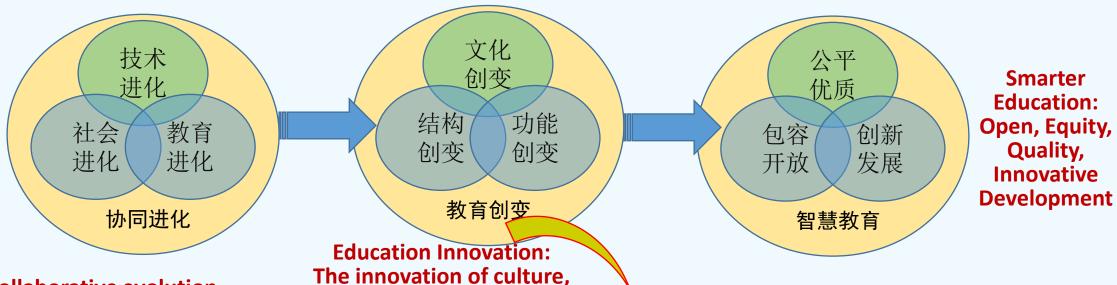






### 进化论: 数字达尔文时代的教育战略转型

Evolutionary approach: Educational strategy shift in the age of Digital Darwin



Collaborative evolution among: technology, society, education

> **Empowering learners'** competency for innovation

#### **Education 4.0**

- Education 1.0: centuries of exp ence with memorization
- Education 2.0: Internet-en

structure and functionality

#### **试能学习者**使其具有创新能力

· Education 4.0: Empowering education to produce innovation

#### **Evolution of Education Technology**









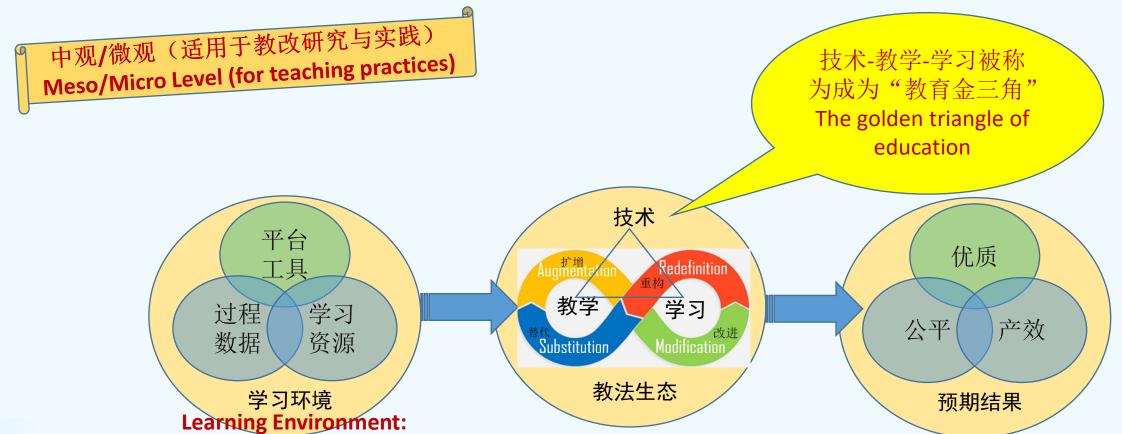
Platform, learning data,

learning resources



# 催化论: 技术赋能的教学法创变

catalyzing approach: Technology enabling pedagogical innovations



Pedagogy: Technology, teaching, learning

**Expected Outcome: Quality, Equity, Efficacy** 





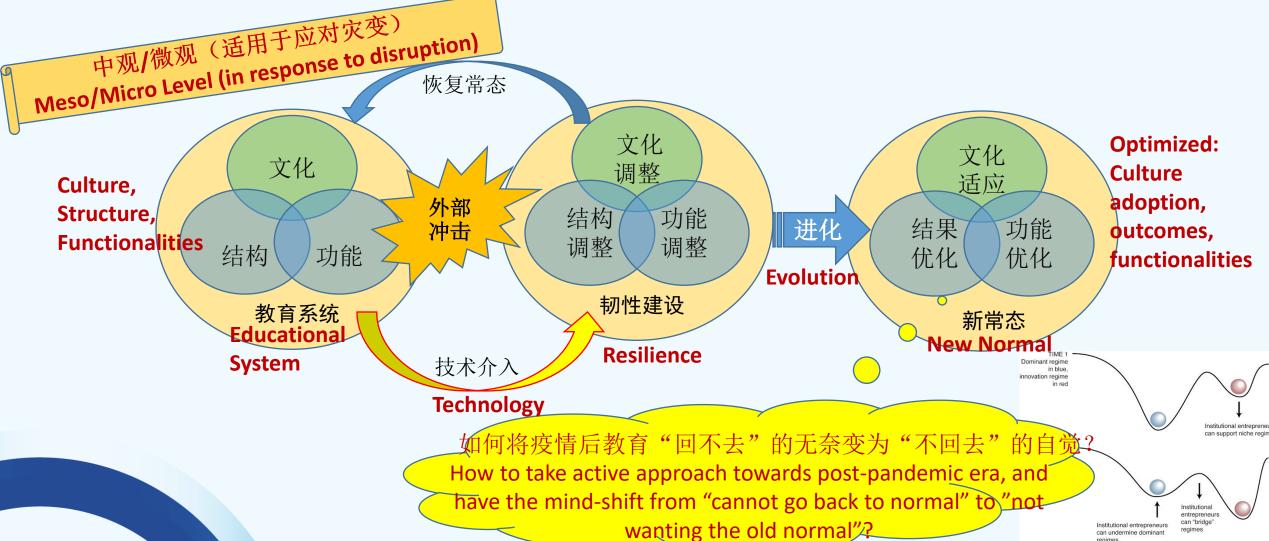






### 应变论: 从系统韧性建设到系统变革新常态

Emergency approach: Turning resilience building into transformation as the new form



Time



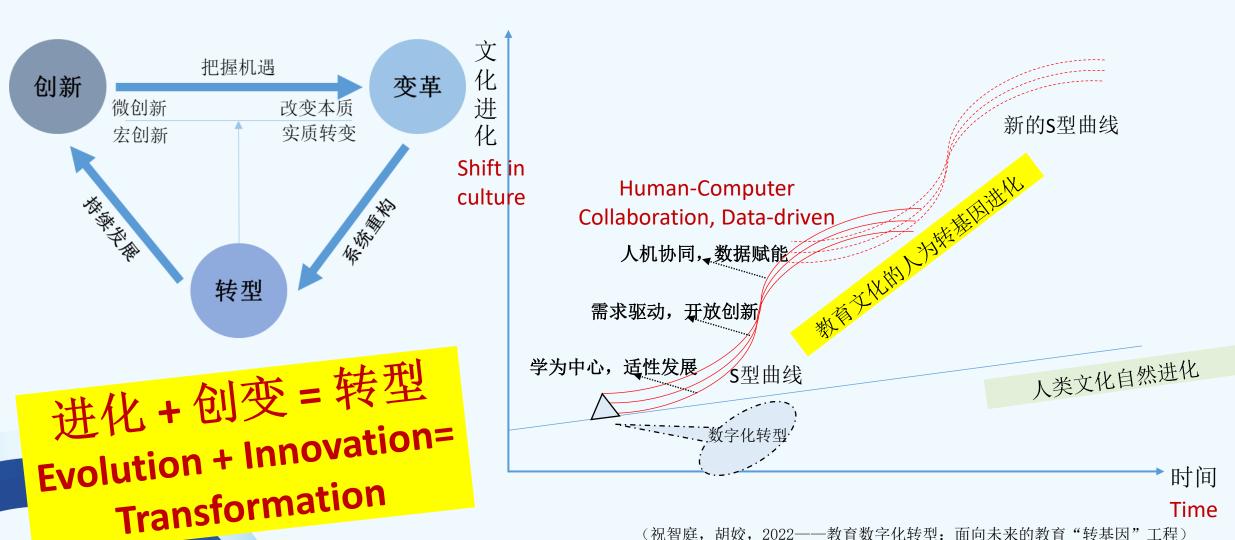






# 教育数字化转型是文化"转基因"工程

Digital Transformation in Education (DTE) is Cultural Trans-genetic Engineering



(祝智庭,胡姣,2022----教育数字化转型:面向未来的教育"转基因"工程)











### 如何破解教育"不可能三角"难题?

How the "impossible triangle" problem in education can be solved?



The Higher Education Digital Transformation



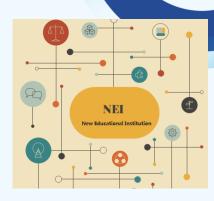








# 位著名教授2022年发布 首倡建设 "负担得起的新教育机构" (NEI) MIT Professors, Ideas for Designing an Affordable New Educational Institution



#### Core Recommendations:

- 将重点从研究转向教学 (Shift professors' focus from research to teaching)
- 使物理校园精益求精,便于学习 (Perfect the design of the physical environment of the campus, design for learning)
- 将学士学位转化为一系列微证书 (Making bachelor's degree a series of microcredentials, stackable credentials)
- 鼓励课程和集中的团队教学 (Forming group-based teaching and learning communities for cross- and inter-disciplinary learning)
- 提供雇主实习机会以获得学分 (Internship opportunities for co-op with employers for credit)

IDEAS FOR DESIGNING

### An Affordable **New Educational** Institution

A Project Of The Abdul Latif Jameel World Education Lab, MIT September 2022

Diana Henderson Professor of Literature 文学

**Daniel Jackson** 

计算机科学

Professor of Computer Science

**David Kaiser** 

物理与科学史 Professor of Physics and History of Science

S. P. Kothari

Professor of Accounting and Finance

会计金融

Sanjay Sarma

Professor of Mechanical Engineering, Advisor, J-WEL

机械工程











### 如何理解教育系统的质量与功能?

How to understand the quality and function of the education system?

#### **Structure**

#### 结构

结构质量指的是资料、 课程、师生比例等的优 劣程度衡量。

#### **Process**

#### 过程

过程质量侧重于动态过 程,尤其是课堂中交互 的优劣程度衡量。

**Overall quality of** education 教育全局质量

结构+过程

复杂性 Complexity Systematic value of education

教育系统功能

- 目标 Objective
- 结果 Outcome + "社会的需求"展"的价值
- 内容 Content
- 过程 Process
- 方式 Method

"人的发展"

Human development + societal

demand

未来性 **Complexity**  Output

输出

#### 促进人的发展:

强過幾意lept进到ent

Human Welfare

促进社会的发展: 关注 社会的需求"的价值











全局性

Redefinition

设计智慧善用技术赋能解决教育问题

Smarter design, leverage technology in solving educational problems

局 部性 Substitution

量的变化(Quantitative Change)

质的变化(Qualitative Change)





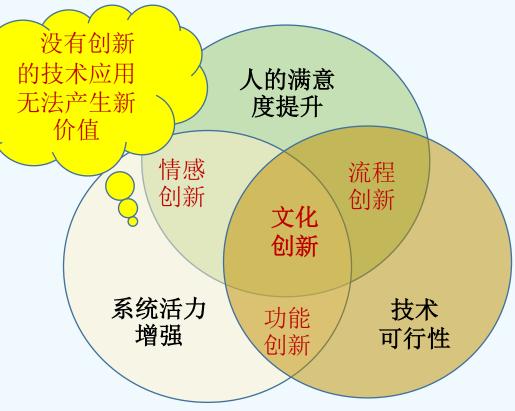






### 教育数字化转型的"适者生存"原理

The principle of "survival of the fittest" in DTE: Innovation is the premise of successful DTE



Technology without innovation cannot create added value

- ☆ 技术推动人才培养的重新定位—社会责任

  Drive for repositioning talent cultivation social responsibility
- ☆ 技术服务优质资源的合理配置—公平原则

Drive for equitable distribution of resources - principle of equity

☆ 技术提供虚实共存的情境空间—场景革命

Provide the platform for mixed reality – a reformation of the

#### education scene

☆ 技术支持教育系统功能的重构—适性服务

Supports the reformation of educational systems – adaptive system

☆ 技术支撑教育过程的数据融合-循证思维

Supports the blend between formative assessment and educational data - Evidence-based thinking

☆ 技术助力精准增值的教育评价—核心素养

Technology-driven educational evaluation – Core competency





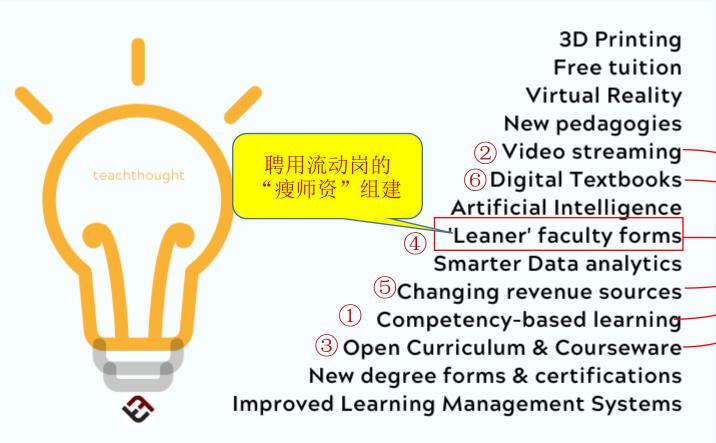






### 大学教师专业发展机构 Teach Thought University

2022年发布高教创新14例



- 1. 基于能力的学习
- 2. 直播
- 3. 开放的教学大纲和课程
- 4. 精简的教师队伍组成
- 5. 改变工资收入方式
- 6. 数字教材

公共要素 六项











### 设计智慧驱动教育数字化转型研究

### Design wisdom driven DTE Research

### 设计转型导向: (Design the drive force of transformation)

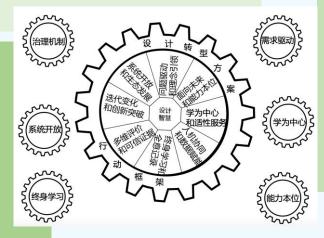
- (一)教育范式从供给主导向需求主导转变 supply front
- (二) 教学模式从教为中心向学为中心转变
- student-centered
- (三)教育评价从知识本位向能力本位转变
- knowledge based vs. competency based evaluation

(四)教育制度从阶段学习向终身学习转变

- Phased learning → lifelong learning
- (五)教育架构从系统封闭向系统开放转变
- Closed cycle to open cycle
- (六)教育系统运行机制从管理向治理转变
- From operation to governance

### 设计转型方案:

- (一)教育数字化转型的行动框架设计 Design framework for Action Plan
- (二)教育数字化转型的生态系统设计 Ecosystem design for DxE
- (三)教育数字化转型的风险防范机制设计
  Risk management / control design for DxE



#### 设计转型原则:

- 1. 问题驱动和理念引领的原则
- 2. 面向未来和能力本位的原则
- 3. 学为中心和适性服务的原则
- 4. 人机协同和数据赋能的原则
- 5. 终身学习和伴随记录的原则
- 6. 多维评价和可信证据的原则
- 7. 迭代进化和持续创新的原则
- 8. 系统开放和生态发展的原则

(来源: 祝智庭, 戴岭, 2022.11)





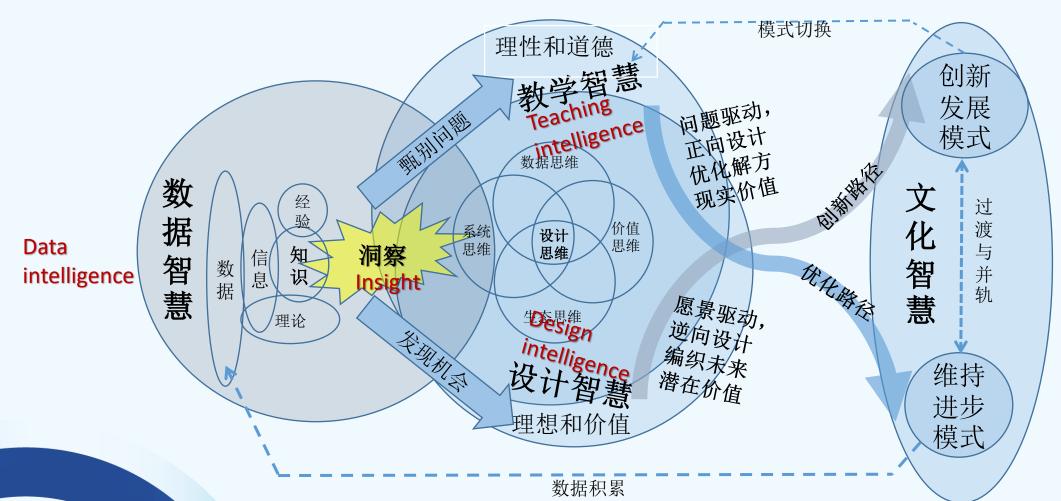






# 面向教育数字化转型的综合智慧视图

A comprehensive view of multiple wisdoms for DTE



Culture intelligence

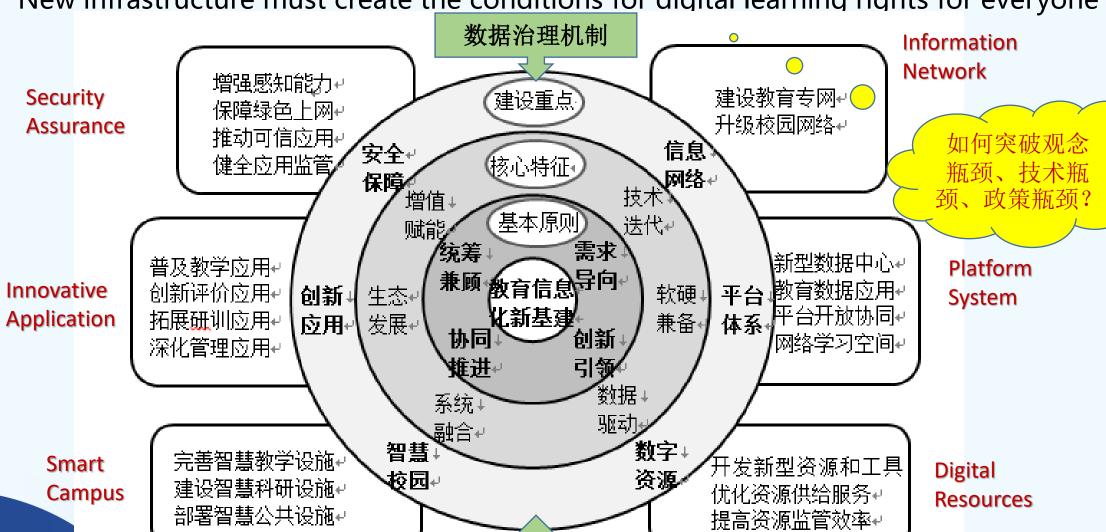


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### Recommendation (1)

### 新基建要为人人享有数字学习权创造条件

New infrastructure must create the conditions for digital learning rights for everyone



产业服务生态







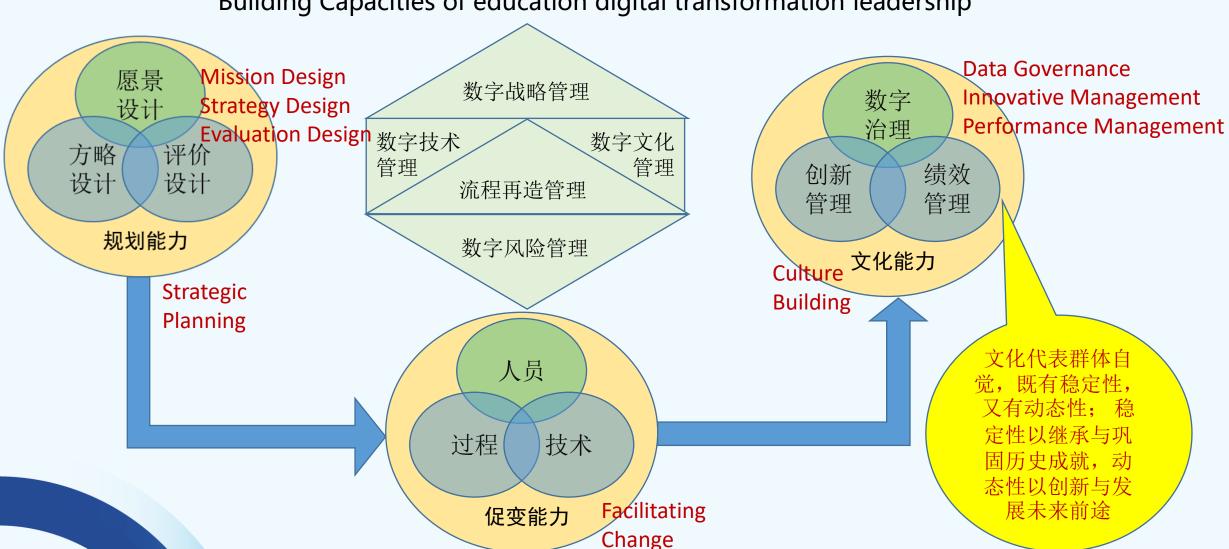






### 建设教育数字转型领导力

Building Capacities of education digital transformation leadership















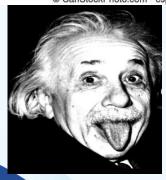
# 聚焦于创新技术赋能的教育评价创新

Focus on technology enabling Innovative evaluation of education

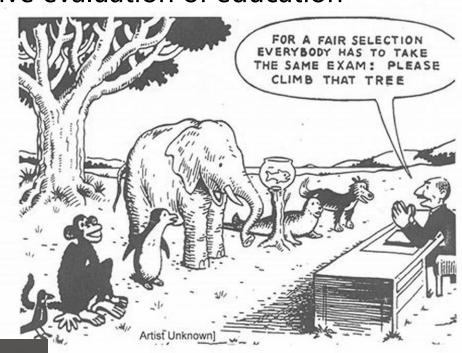
Recommendation(3)







"Everyone is a genius. But if you judge a fish on its ability to climb a tree, it will live its whole life. believing that it is stupid." Albert Einstein



人人生而天才, 但若你以鱼儿能否 爬树来论才的话, 那么它将终生无法 摆脱愚笨的标签。











### Recommendation (4)



### 构建人技共善的数字德育体系

Establish a digital moral education system for goodness of Human& technology



Digital Wisdom

数字智能 Digital Intelligence

数字素养 Digital Literacy







### Recommendation 5

### 建立国际合作与经验共享平台

Building global platform for collaboration and exchanges

- 联合国际力量深入研究教育数字化转型的理论与实践原则 A joint force studying the theory and principle for DxE
- 发现高教数字化转型的最佳实践供国际共享 Identify best practices in higher education Dx
- 举办年度国际论坛(线上、线下混合方式)
   International seminar (online/ offline/ blended
- 绘制知识图谱创造国际范围内的知识共识
   Mapping competencies and resources to build a common ground
- 凝练关键洞察支撑政策咨询
   Generate key insights to support policy consultation













# 谢谢!